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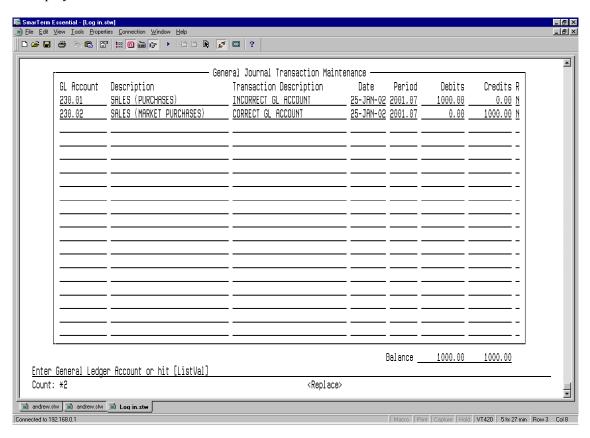
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8.1 General Journal Maintenance

The General Journal is designed to cater for everyday transactions that cannot be entered into either the Accounts Payable Module, Accounts Receivable Module or the Cash Book Module. For example, where a transaction has been processed to the incorrect General Ledger code it can be transferred to the correct account by using a General Journal. Accruals can also be processed via General Journals.

General Journal Maintenance is used to create, change, view, or delete General Journal transactions. Once transactions have been verified as correct or corrected, they can be posted to the General Ledger Transaction table. The posting process will print the journals. This printout should be filed accordingly.

Select the General Journal Maintenance option from the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



Journals are entered in this screen. Any unposted journals will also be displayed upon entry to this form. To enter a General Journal the following fields must be entered:

GL Account Enter a valid General Ledger code. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the

selection of a General Ledger code. Upon entry of a valid code the account

description will be displayed.

Description A narration detailing this transaction must be entered in this field. Up to 30

characters may be used.

Date Enter the Journal date. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the current (today's) date. The enhanced date feature may be used if required. An error

message is displayed if the date entered is not within a period record defined in the Accounts Periods Maintenance. A warning is given where the date entered here is prior to the Current Period Start Date, as maintained in the Maintain GL

Control option (refer p.8-32 for more information).

On [Exiting] the form checks to ensure that journals do not cross periods.

Debits Enter the debit amount of the journal. If this transaction is to be a credit amount,

press [NxtFld] on a blank field and the cursor will move to the Credit Amount

field.

Credits Enter the credit amount of the journal. Where the Debit Amount is not zero, the

cursor will bypass this field.

R (REVERSE) Enter Y if this entry is to be reversed on the first day of the next accounting

period. The default for this field is N. The next Accounting period is defined in

the Accounting Periods Maintenance option (refer p.8-32).

Press [Commit] to save the journals.

On [Exiting], the form performs the following checks:

• The total debits agree with the total credits.

• The total debits agree with the reversal indicator set to Y agree to the total credits with the reversal indicator set to Y.

• The total debits agree with the total credits within each accounting period.

Once the journals have been entered, they can be posted to the general ledger. Any unposted journals will not affect account balances, nor will they appear on the transaction listing or enquiry screens.

To Delete an Unposted General Journal Transaction position the cursor on the transaction in question by the use of the [NxtRec] and [PrvRec] keys, and press the [Remove] key.

8.2 Standing Journal Maintenance

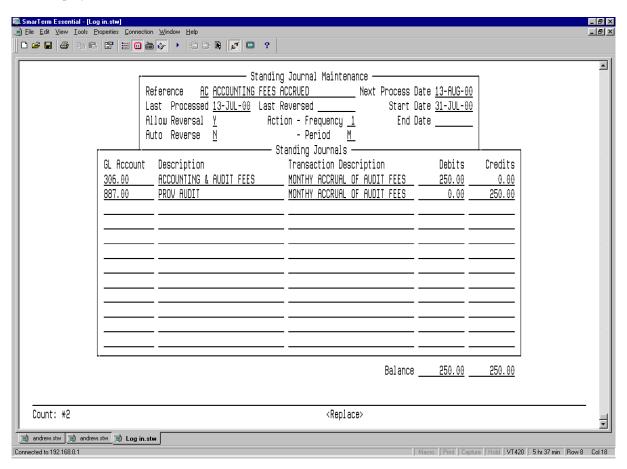
Journal entries that recur on a regular basis can be treated as standing journals. Accruals that occur on a regular basis for the same amount can be established as a Standing Journal. Where the Cash Book module is not installed, Motor Vehicle Leases and Rent Received can also be setup.

Note that where the Cash Book module is installed any transaction that affects the Bank Account should not be setup as a General Ledger Standing Journal. Refer to Menu 9 section 8 (Cash Book) for more information.

Standing journals can be posted to the General Ledger as and when necessary. The Post Standing Journals facility also allows for the reversal of standing journals. Standing journals are grouped together, all entries in the group are processed. Monthly payment accruals might, for example, be grouped together and processed as a standing journal.

8.2.1 To create and maintain Standing Journals

Select the Standing Journal Maintenance option from the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



Enter the following fields:

Reference

Enter the Standing Journal Code. This is a two-character reference field used to group associated journals together. All journals associated with the same Reference Code are processed, while posting to the General Ledger. The Reference Code is user defined. Examples could include: WK - Weekly standing Journal, MV - Monthly vehicle cost journal.

Narration

Enter the narration for the standing journals, this narration will be recorded in all journal entries created. The system records the date this journal

Last Processed was last run. The cursor does not enter this field.

Last Reversed The system records the date this journal was last reversed, if any. The cursor

does not enter this field.

Allow Reversal Enter (Y)es if this Journal is allowed to be Reversed or (N)o if otherwise.

Auto Reversal Enter (Y)es to automatically create Reversals for this Journal or (N)o if

otherwise.

Action – Frequency Enter the number of Action Periods between allocations eg. every (2) Weeks

Period (D)ays, (W)eeks, (M)onths or (Y)ears only.

Next Process Date Date when transaction(s) should next be allocated.

Start Date Enter Start Date - for identification only

End Date Optional Date to halt further transaction allocations.

In the Standing Journals BLOCK:

GL Account Enter the General Ledger Account code. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the

selection of a code. Upon entry of a valid general ledger code, the form will

display the account description.

Transaction Description

Enter the journal details/narration. Up to 30 characters can be used to record

details of the entry.

Debits Enter the debit amount of the journal. Press [NxtFld] on a blank field if the entry

is a credit entry, the form will move the cursor to the Credit amount field.

Credits Enter the credit amount of the entry, if a value was entered into the Debit

Amount field, then this cursor will not enter this field.

Balance The form totals the Debit amount and Credit amount fields and displays the totals

at the bottom of the screen. The total Debit amount must equal the total Credit

amount before the form can be exited.

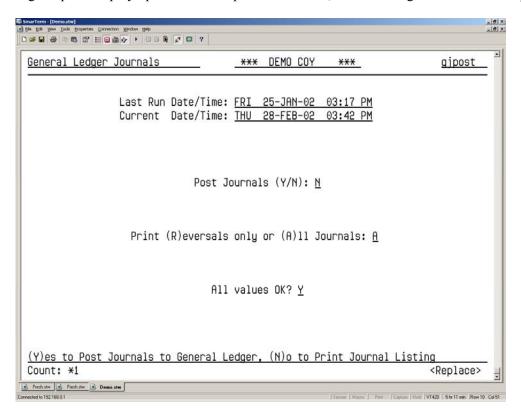
Press [Commit] to save the entry to the database. The standing journals can now be posted or reversed using the Post Standing Journal option.

Note that once Standing Journal Transactions have been posted they cannot be deleted or modified.

8.3 Print/Post General Journals

Once the general ledger journals are ready to be posted to the General Ledger or you wish to print a copy of the journals before posting to verify select the Print/Post General Journal option from the General Ledger menu.

After selecting the print/display option from the printer selection, the following screen will be displayed:



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

Post Journals (Y/N) To post the journ

To post the journals enter (Y) in this field. A copy of these journals will be printed or displayed once posted. If only a copy of the journals is required (without posting) enter (N) in this field.

Print (R)eversals only or (A)ll Journals

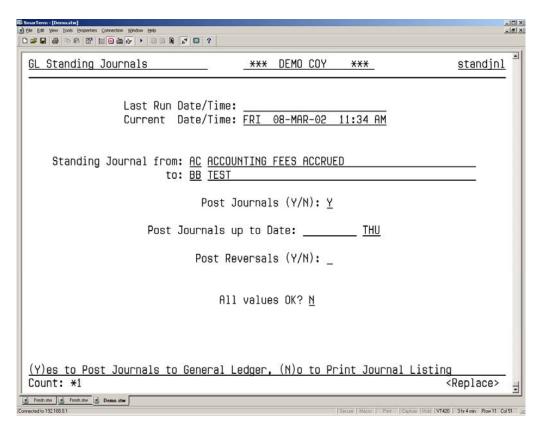
To post/print reversal journals only enter (R) in this field. If all journals are to be posted enter (A) in this field. Note that this field will default to (A).

It is recommended that these transactions be printed when posting as they cannot be reprinted once posted. However, they are accessible on the account enquiry screen and appear on the transaction listing. Once posted these journals are no longer displayed in the General Journal Maintenance option.

8.4 Print/Post Standing Journals

Once the Standing Journals are ready to be posted to the General Ledger or you wish to print a copy of the journals before posting to verify select the Print/Post Standing Journal option from the General Ledger menu.

After selecting the print/display option from the printer selection screen, the following screen will be displayed:



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

Journal Code from

Enter the beginning standing journal code of the range to report on. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of a journal code. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first journal code established on the system. Upon entry of a valid journal code the standing journal description will be displayed.

to

Enter the ending standing journal code of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last journal code established on the system. If only one journal code is required this field should contain the same code as the from field above

Post Journals (Y/N)

Enter (Y) to post and print the standing journals and (N) to only print.

Date for Journals

Enter the date which to process the standing journals. This date is used to update the General Ledger. This date cannot be backdated beyond the current period start date as maintained in Menu 8 'GL Control Maintenance' option. Where no current period start date is maintained, the year begin date is used (where the date entered is prior to this date).

Reverse Entry

Enter (Y) if this is to be a reverse entry.

All Values OK?

If you need to change any report selection values enter N and press [NxtFld]. If all of the values entered are acceptable then you may accept the default value

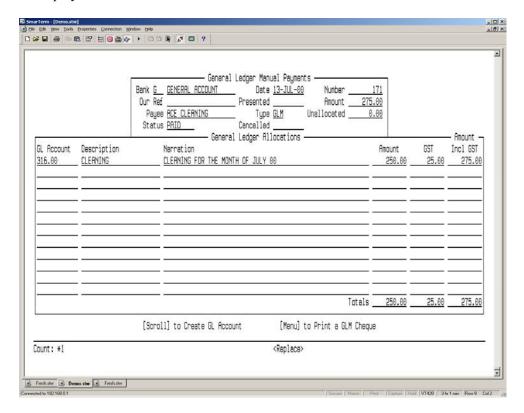
here by pressing [NxtFld]. The report will now be printed to the device specified in the printer selection form.

8.5 GL Manual Payments

Non-supplier manual cheques and charges can be entered into the LETTUS system using the General Ledger Manual Payments option. The cheques entered here are included in the Cheque Listing (in Menu 7). Cancelled cheques may be entered in this screen to provide for a full payment register.

The entries here are used by the CASH BOOK module for bank reconciliation purposes.

Select the General Ledger Manual Payments option from the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



This form consists of two blocks. Block One contains the cheque details while Block Two contains the general ledger allocations.

In the Cheque block

Bank

Bank Account Code from which the cheque is to be drawn from. Press [ListVal] for a full listing of Bank Account Codes.

Cheque Date

Enter the date of the Cheque. This date is used up update the General Ledger. There this date is backdated beyond the current period start date as maintained in the Maintain G/L Control option (refer p.8-32) the current period start date is used to update the General ledger. Where no current period start date is maintained, the year begin date is used (where the date entered is prior to this date).

Cheque Number

Enter the cheque number, if it is a cheque. The cheque number is unique to a bank account, an error message will be generated on entry of a Cheque Number (for that bank account) that already exists. If this is not a cheque, press [NxtFld] on this field and the system will then treat the payment as a non cheque payment, (payment type GLO).

Cheque Amount

Enter the amount of the Cheque.

Our Ref Any reference can be optionally entered in this field. If the payment type is a

GLO this field must be entered (instead of the payee field). Up to 20 characters

may be used.

Payee Name the cheque is made out to. This field is not required for a GLO.

Presented Where the Cash Book module is installed the presented date of the payment will

be displayed in this field (if appropriate). The cursor does not enter this field.

Payment Type Payment Type. If a cheque number is entered then this field will default to GLM

or if no cheque number is entered it will default to GLO.

Unallocated Amount The amount which remains unallocated to a general ledger account code. The

cursor does not enter this field. This field must be zero before exiting the screen.

Status The default is 'PAID'. To Cancel a cheque change the payment status to

'CANCEL'.

Cancelled Date If the payment status is changed to 'CANCEL' the cursor will enter the cancelled

date field for a cancellation date. This date will default today's date but can be

changed if required.

In the Allocations Block

GL Account Enter the General Ledger Account code. [ListVal] may be used if required.

Upon entry of a valid code the account description will be displayed.

Narration Enter the details of the transaction. Up to 60 characters may be used.

Allocation Amount Enter the amount to allocate to this account. When the document is fully

allocated the total of the allocations should equal the PAY amount of the payment. If the full amount is to be allocated to only one GL Account press

[NxtFld] and the system will generate the amount in this field.

GST Amount If no GST is applicable enter (0) in this field and press [NxtFld]. If GST is

applicable leave the field blank and press [NxtFld]. The GST amount will be

calculated automatically.

Including GST This field can be manually entered or press [NxtFld] for the system to

automatically calculate this field.

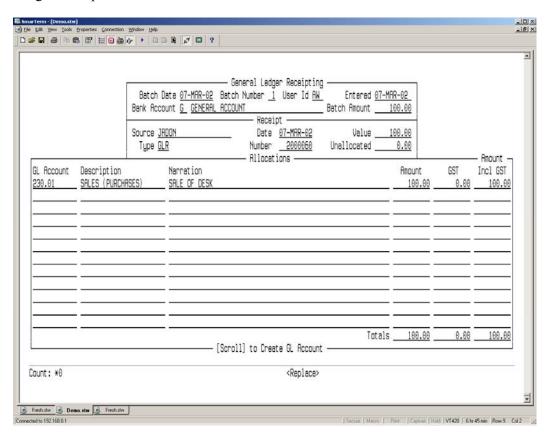
NOTE: Unlike Accounts Payable Payments, General Ledger Manual Cheques can only be cancelled or stopped using this screen. To cancel or stop a payment update the status field to either 'STOPPED' or 'CANCEL'. Update the Cancelled date field as required.

8.6 GL Receipt Batch Entry

The Cash Book Receipting option is used for entry of receipts of monies other than the receipt of monies from Accounts Receivable. Examples include:

- Sundry Income
- Interest Received
- Borrowings (Loans)
- Receipts from IBD, Cash Management Accounts
- Bad Debts recovered.

Each batch of receipts represents a Banking. Receipts are batched together for banking at a nominated Bank Account. The use of a batch date and batch sequence number allows for more than one batch of General Ledger Receipts for the same date.



Enter the following fields:

In the Batch Header Block

Batch Date	Enter the date of this batch.	Press [NxtFld]	I to select the system date	This date is
Dutti Dutt	Eliter the date of this outen.	1 1000 [1 1/1/11 14]	j to select the system date	. I IIIS date IS

used to update the General Ledger. Where this date is backdated beyond the current period start date as maintained in the Maintain G/L Control option, the current period start date is used to update the General ledger. Where no current period start date is maintained, the year begin date is used (where the date

entered is prior to this date).

Batch Number Enter a number for this batch. Press [NxtFld] to select the next available batch

number for that batch date.

User Id Enter the User identity e.g. the user's initials.

Bank Code Enter the Bank Account Code to allocate the receipts to. Press [ListVal] to

display records established in the system.

In the Receipt Block

Receipt Source Enter the source of the receipt e.g. SUNCORP INSURANCE. This is a

mandatory field which allows entry of up to 20 characters.

Receipt Date Enter the date of the receipt. Press [Return] to select the system date.

Type The transaction type "GLR" (General Ledger Receipt) will be displayed. This

field is not user accessible.

Receipt Value Enter the value of the receipt.

Unallocated Amount This field will display the unallocated amount of the receipt. The system will not

allow the user to exit the form until the receipt is fully allocated i.e. the

unallocated amount is zero.

Receipt Number Upon entry of a receipt the system will automatically generate a receipt number.

In the Allocation Block

GL Account Enter the GL Account Code to allocate the receipt to. Press [ListVal] to display

the G/L Codes established on the system.

Description Upon entry of a valid GL Account Code the description will be displayed.

Narration Enter the narration for this receipt allocation. As a default the information

entered in the Receipt Source field will be displayed.

Allocation Amount Enter the amount to allocate to this account. When the document is fully

allocated the total of the allocations should equal the PAY amount of the payment. If the full amount is to be allocated to only one GL Account press

[NxtFld] and the system will generate the amount in this field.

GST Amount If no GST is applicable enter (0) in this field and press [NxtFld]. If GST is

applicable leave the field blank and press [NxtFld]. The GST amount will be

calculated automatically.

Including GST This field can be manually entered or press [NxtFld] for the system to

automatically calculate this field.

To enter another receipt in that batch press [PrvFld] to move the cursor to the Receipt Block and press [Clear Block].

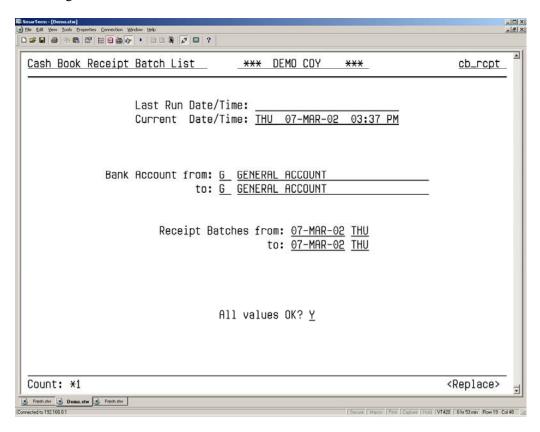
NOTE that a receipt cannot be changed if the receipt batch they belong to has been reconciled to the bank statement. The Batch must be unreconciled, the changes made and the batch reconciled again.

8.6.1 To query on a Receipt without the Batch details

Receipts can be queried in this screen without entering the batch details. To do this press [NxtBlk] from the top block (while in enter mode only) and the cursor will move to the Receipt block. Press [EntQry] to put the block into query mode, enter your selection criteria and press [ExeQry] to preform the query.

8.7 GL Receipt Batch Listing

This option is used to list details of a Cash Book Receipt Batch for a specified Bank Account Range and a specified Date range.



Enter the following information:

Bank Account from	Enter the Bank Account code range to report from or press [ListVal] to display			
	the first Rank Account code established on the system			

the first Bank Account code established on the system.

to Enter the Bank Account code range to report to or press [ListVal] to display

Bank Account codes established on the system.

Receipt Batches from Enter the date range to report from. A warning message will be displayed if there

are no receipt batches within the specified date range. Press [NxtFld] to default

current day's date.

to Enter the date range to report to. A warning message will be displayed if there

are no receipt batches within the specified date range.

All Values OK Enter (Y) to continue or (N) to change, or press the [Exit] key to exit to the menu

without printing.

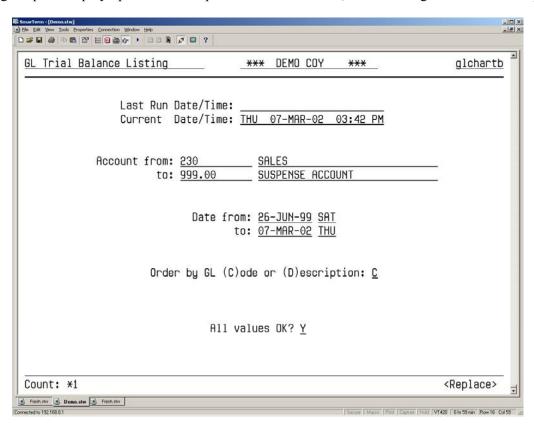
8.8 Trial Balance List

The LETTUS trial balance can cover any nominated date range and/or account range.

This report details all distributions for the accounts from all ledgers in order by account code and is usually run after all transactions have been entered and posted for a specific accounting period. However, this report can be run at any time. Note that if a partial listing is produced the report may print totals that do not appear to balance.

The current period start date may have an effect of the information provided in this report (refer p.8-32)

To produce a Trial Balance, select the Trial Balance List option from the General Ledger menu. After selecting the print/display option from the printer selection screen, the following screen will be displayed:



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

Account from Enter the sta	цι

Enter the starting general ledger account code of the range to report on. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of an account code. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first account code established on the system. Upon entry of a valid account code the account code description will be displayed.

to

Enter the ending general ledger account code of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last account code established on the system. Upon entry of a valid account code the account code description will be displayed.

Date from

Enter the starting date to report from. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the year begin date.

to

Enter the ending date of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the current (today's) date. The date in this field should be greater than the date in the starting date field.

Order by GL (C)ode or (D)escription

To order the accounts by account code enter (C) in this field. To order the accounts by account description enter (D) in this field.

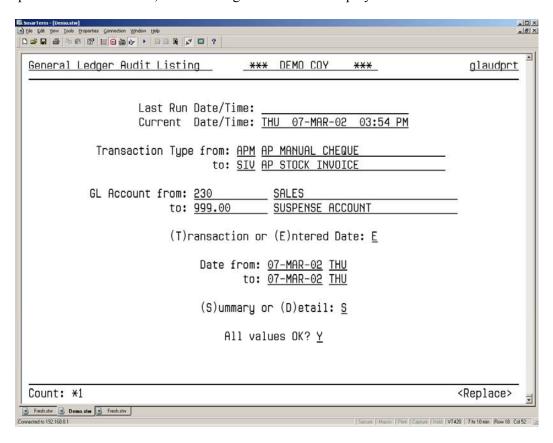
All Values OK?

If you need to change any report selection values enter N and press [NxtFld]. If all of the values entered are acceptable then you may accept the default value here by pressing [NxtFld]. The report will now be printed to the device specified in the printer selection form.

8.9 Audit List

LETTUS provides a report facility that lists general ledger transactions for each account by transaction type and will also break down transactions for auditing purposes. The report covers a range of accounts for a nominated date range.

To print an Audit List select the Audit List option from the menu. After selecting the print/display option from the printer selection screen, the following screen will be displayed:



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

Transaction Type from

Enter the beginning transaction type code of the range of codes to report on. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of a code. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first code.

to

Enter the transaction type code of the range of codes to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last code. If only one transaction type is required, this field should contain the same code as the transaction type from field.

GL Account from

Enter the starting general ledger account code of the range to report on. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of an account code. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first account code established on the system. Upon entry of a valid account code the account code description will be displayed.

to

Enter the ending general ledger account code of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last account code established on the system. Upon entry of a valid account code the account code description will be displayed.

(T)ransaction or (E)ntered Date

To report on transaction by their transaction date enter (T) in this field. Enter (E) in this field if you wish to report on transactions by the date they were entered into the system.

Date from Enter the beginning transaction/entered date of the date range to report on.

Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the current (today's) date.

to Enter the ending transaction/entered date of the date range to report on. Pressing

[NxtFld] will default this field to the current (today's) date.

(S)ummary or (D)etail

Enter (S) for a summary report or (D) for a detailed report.

All Values OK? If you need to change any report selection values enter N and press [NxtFld]. If

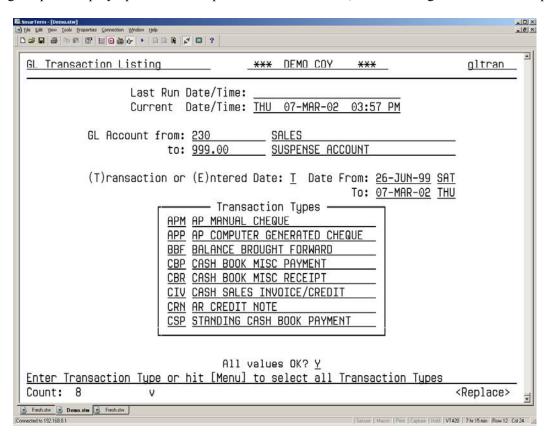
all of the values entered are acceptable then you may accept the default value here by pressing [NxtFld]. The report will now be printed to the device specified

in the printer selection screen.

8.10 Transaction List

LETTUS provides a report facility that lists general ledger transactions for each account. The report covers a range of accounts for a nominated date range. Details printed on the report for each transaction include the narration details that assist with auditing processes.

To print a Transaction List select the Transaction List option from the General Ledger menu. After selecting the print/display option from the printer selection screen, the following screen will be displayed:



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

GL Account from

Enter the starting general ledger account code to report on. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of an account code. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first account code established on the system. Upon entry of a valid code the description will be displayed.

to

Enter the ending general ledger account code to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last account code established on the system. If only one code is required this field should contain the same value as the field above.

(T)ransaction or (E)ntered Date

To report on transaction by their transaction date enter (T) in this field. Enter (E) in this field if you wish to report on transactions by the date they were entered into the system.

Date from

Enter the starting date to report from. The enhanced date feature may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the year begin date.

to

Enter the ending date of the date range to report on. The enhanced date feature may be used. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the current (today's) date.

Transaction Type

Enter transaction type that is required on the report in this field. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of a transaction type. Multiple transaction types can be entered. Press [Menu] to retrieve all transaction types and remove the types not required. Upon entry of a valid type the description will be displayed.

All Values OK?

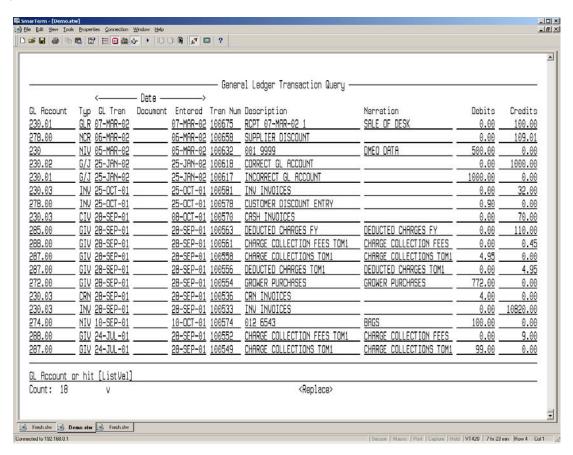
If you need to change any report selection values enter N and press [NxtFld]. If all of the values entered are acceptable then you may accept the default value here by pressing [NxtFld]. The report will now be printed to the device specified in the printer selection form.

8.11 Transaction Query

This form can be used to query a general ledger transaction or find transactions where full details are not known. The user can enter the known details of the transaction, press the [ExeQry] key and all transactions meeting that criteria will be displayed.

Note that the current period start date may have an effect of the information provided in this screen (see "Maintain G/L Control" – for more information).

Select the G/L Transaction Query option for the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



To perform a query, ensure that the form is in Query mode. Enter the required query using the '%' as a wild card if required.

The following fields are displayed on the screen and are available to be included in your query:

GL Account The General Ledger Account Code.

Type The transaction type.

GL Tran The transaction date.

Document Date The document date.

Enter date The date which the transaction was entered into the system.

Tran Num The transaction number.

Tran Description The transaction description.

Narration Displays the narration keyed against transaction.

Debit Amount The Debit Amount of the transaction.

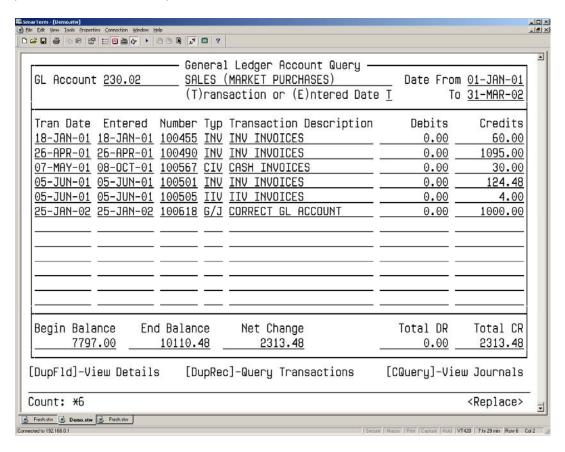
Credit Amount The Credit Amount of the transaction.

Once all the known details have been entered press [ExeQry]. If more than one transaction is retrieved scroll (using [NxtRec] and [PrvRec]) through the records until the desired transaction is found.

8.12 Accounts Query

The Account Query option provides a means to trace and view transactions or activity for a GL Account in the General Ledger within a specified date range. An audit trail is also provided to display details of the originating entry (i.e. from other modules). The transactions portion of the screen is a "scrolling window" which enables you to move up and down so that all transaction lines may be viewed.

Transactions are displayed in date order and each line contains the document number, the document type, amount, the transaction reference, and the transaction date.



8.12.1 Steps in using the Account Enquiry Form

Step 1 Select the Account Query option from the General Ledger menu.

Step 2 In the form select the Account and date range to query:

GL Account Code

Enter the general ledger account code to query. Upon entry of a valid account code the form will display the account description. Note that the [ListVal] option is not available on this field. An account can be queried from either the code or description fields by using the '%' wildcard search feature.

Tran Date from

Enter the beginning date of the range to report on. The enhanced date feature may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the beginning date of the current period (as maintained in the Accounting Periods Maintenance option).

Enter the ending date of the range to report on. The enhanced date feature may be used. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the current (today's) date.

On entry of the above information the form will automatically retrieve and display the balances and transactions and position the cursor in the transaction block.

Transaction Information Displayed

Queries (using the [EntQry] and [ExeQry] fields) can be performed in this block. All fields are available to be included in your query.

Note that only transactions for the account and within the date range above are displayed.

Tran Date The date of the transaction.

Entered Date The entered date of the transaction.

Tran Num The transaction number.

Type Transaction type, this helps identify the source of the transaction.

Tran Description The transaction description.

Debit Amount The debit value of the transaction.

Credit Amount The credit value of the transaction.

In addition to displaying all transactions for the date range, the screen also displays the following at the bottom of the screen:

Beginning Balance The amount displayed here reflects the balance for the account prior to the

starting date in the date range fields at the top of the screen.

Total Debits This amount is the total of all debits for the date range.

Total Credits This amount is the total of all credits for the date range.

End Balance This amount reflects the balance as of the ending date specified at the top of the

screen.

Net Change This amount is the net change to the account for activity within the date range. If

there were more Credit transactions to a typically Debit account, this amount will

be reflected as a negative number; and vice versa.

Note that once the General Ledger is rolled over (refer p.8-49) all transactions in the General Ledger for the previous year are deleted. Only the balances of the Balance Sheet accounts are brought forward.

The records that make up the transaction can be queried. The function keys for these queries are displayed at the bottom of the screen.

[DupFld] - View Details

This key will display:

Code The code displayed will depend on the transaction type.

Document Amount The document or cheque number.

Debit Amount The debit amount of the transaction.

Credit Amount The credit amount of the transaction.

Type The transaction type.

Act The action of the transaction. Valid types are (I)nsertion, (D)eletion and

(U)pdate.

GL Account Code The General Ledger code that is affected.

Tran Number The transaction number.

[DupRec] - Query Transaction

This function will allow the user to query any transaction for any general ledger account code. Enter selection criteria and press [ExeQry]. The following will be displayed:

GL Account Code The General Ledger account code.

Tran Date The transaction date.

Type The transaction type.

Description The transaction description.

Debit Amount The debit amount of the transaction.

Credit Amount The credit amount of the transaction.

Entered The date the transaction was entered.

Trx Num The transaction number generated by the system.

All query facilities exist in this screen.

[CQuery] - View Journals

This function is only applicable to journal entries. All journals that were posted in this batch will be displayed. The following will be displayed:

Tran Date The transaction date.

GL Account Code The General Ledger code.

Tran Descr The transaction description.

Debit Amount The debit amount of the transaction.

Credit Amount The credit amount of the transaction.

Trx Num The transaction number.

8.13 End of Day Control List

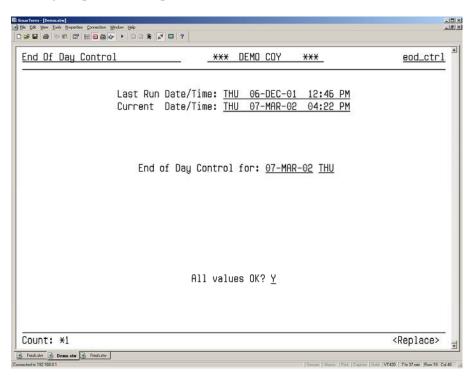
This report provides a control mechanism to check the integrity of the General Ledger, Debtors and Creditors systems.

It produces a report detailing whether:

- the Trial Balance is correct.
- the Debtors outstanding is equal to the Debtors control in the General Ledger.
- the Creditors outstanding is equal to the Creditors control in the General Ledger.
- there are any other inconsistencies.

It is highly recommended that this report be run at the end of every day while no other users are updating data.

Closing off Accounting periods may have a major effect on the results of this report. For more information on closing off periods refer p.8-32.



All unallocated documents will be displayed in this report. To correct these entries, select the relevant menu option, retrieve the unallocated document and allocate it. The Document Type, Document Date and other relevant details are displayed to assist with locating and correcting the document.

A warning will be produced when backdating this report. You cannot backdate this report prior to the first day of the current period (as maintained in the option Maintain GL Control).

If future dated transactions have been entered, a warning will appear. A misbalance may occur through incorrect processing. Apparent misbalances may be shown due to cancelled cheques and closing off accounting periods. If, however, the misbalance cannot be reconciled contact the LETTUS Support Staff.

8.14 GL Account Maintenance

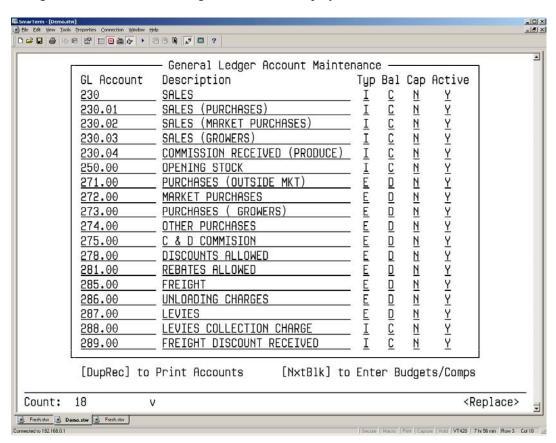
This option is used to create, change, and/or inactivate the General Ledger Accounts that are used throughout the LETTUS system.

When entry of a GL Account Code is requested in the system, the program will validate the entered code against values in this table. If the account code entered is not in this table, the program will not accept its entry, and you will be requested to enter a valid account code.

In most cases, you will have the option to View/Select from a list of accounts in this table by using the [ListVal] function.

When an account code has been verified as valid by the system, the account's description is displayed automatically. This allows you to check that the account code you have entered is the actual one you want. This verification reduces the possibility of an entry being posted to an incorrect account.

To create a General Ledger Account code select the Chart of Accounts Maintenance option from the General Ledger menu, and the following screen will be displayed:



The following fields are displayed:

GL Account Enter the General Ledger Account Code.	Up to 12 alpha numeric characters may
---	---------------------------------------

be used. An Account Code format may be defined in the System Configuration

file (see Menu 0 section for more information).

Description Enter the description of the account. Up to 30 alpha-numeric characters may be

used.

Account Type Enter the code which describes the type of account and press [NxtFld]. Valid

account types are as follows:

A = Asset Account

L = Liability Account

C = Capital (or Equity) Account

I = Income Account E = Expense Account

If you are not sure of the account's correct type, we strongly suggest you consult an accountant's advice.

Balance

Enter the typical account balance in this field. Valid options are (C)redit) or (D)ebit. This field is designed to indicate what types of transactions will increase the account's balance most often.

This is an important field because it determines how the account balance will be computed in financial statements and displayed in options such as Accounts Query.

For example, if you were creating an account for Cash at Bank, this would typically be an Asset type account and increases to the account would most often be recorded as Debits. Therefore, you would assign it a Typical Account Balance code of (D) here.

However on the other hand, when creating an account for Accumulated Depreciation, this would typically be an Asset type account but increases to the account would most often be recorded as Credits. However, you would still assign it a Typical Account Balance of (D) here. Consequently, when the account is used in printing statements, the account's balance (typically credit) will be reflected as a negative value, thus automatically subtracting it from other, more typically Debit type asset accounts. This method will save much time in designing financial statements in General Ledger.

The following chart is offered only as a review of elementary accounting and as a possible aid to help you define your accounts correctly.

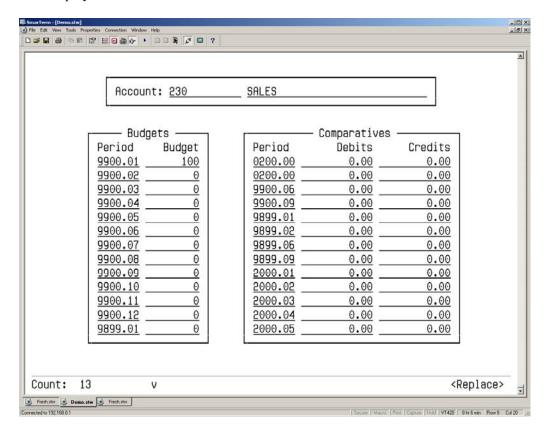
The "+" signs indicate typical increases to the account and the "-" sign indicates decreases to the account, i.e. transactions which increase the Accounts Receivable account (an Asset account) are recorded as debit transactions, etc.

When you are satisfied with the data for the account, press [Commit].

All changes to the 'Chart of Accounts' must be performed in this form. By using the [CreRec] or [DelRec] keys any number of changes can be made. Once the changes have been completed ensure that the form is [Committed] before exiting.

8.14.1 Entering Budgets and Comparatives

Position the cursor on the required account and press [NxtBlk] to enter Budget and Comparative information. Note that this information relates to the account at the top of the screen only. The following screen will be displayed:



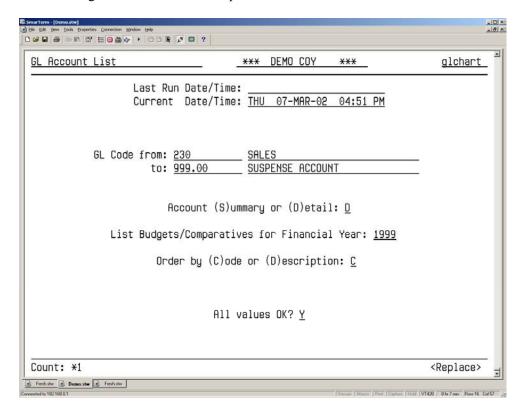
Upon entry to the screen the cursor is in the Budgets block. Pressing [NxtBlk] will position the cursor in the Comparatives block.

Note that the comparatives are created during the End of Year Rollover process. It is recommended that changes only be made to correct errors made in the previous year. Also ensure that compensating entries be made where appropriate.

These budgets and comparatives can be used and printed on Financial Statements as well as Chart of Account reports.

8.14.2 Printing the G/L Chart of Accounts List

To produce a list of G/L Accounts and their Descriptions select the "Maintain Chart of Accounts" option and press [DupRec]. The following screen will be displayed requesting the range of accounts to print and whether to include Budget and Prior-Year Comparative data.



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

GL Account From

Enter the beginning account code of the range to report on. [ListVal] may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first account as established on the system. Upon entry of a valid code the account description will be displayed.

To

Enter the ending account code of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last account code as established on the system.

Account (S)ummary or (D)etail

Answer (D) to print the report which shows all account detail, including budgets and comparatives or enter (S) to print the report without this detail.

List Budgets/Comparatives for Financial Year

Enter financial year or press [ListVal] for full listing of financial years.

Order by (C)ode or (D)escription

Enter (C) to order the report by the Account Code or enter (D) to order the report by Account Description.

All Values OK?

If you need to change any report selection values enter (N) and press [NxtFld]. If all of the values entered are acceptable then you may accept the default value here by pressing [NxtFld]. The report will now be printed to the device specified in the printer selection form.

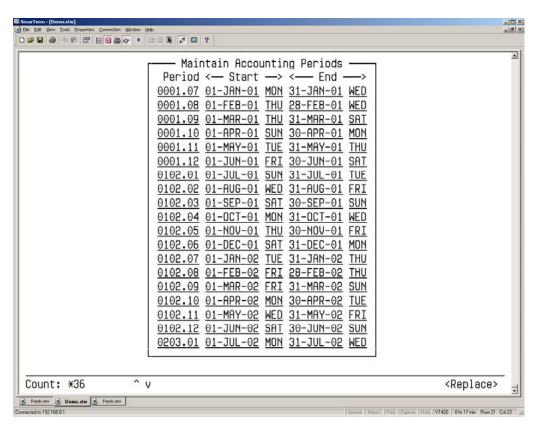
8.15 GL Period Maintenance

Accounting periods are essential to the LETTUS system as they divide the "year" into manageable sections. These are used for reporting purposes as well as for control.

The Maintain Accounting Periods option is used to create, change or delete accounting periods in your fiscal year. Any number of accounting periods can be defined. Commonly 12 periods (one for each month) or 13 periods (one for every four weeks) are used.

8.15.1 Creating Accounting Periods

Select the Maintain Accounting Periods option from the General Ledger and the following screen will be displayed:



The following fields are displayed:

Period Enter the period number. The format is (FINYEAR/FINYEAR.PN (period

number), e.g. 0001.01 = 2000/2001.01, 0102.12 = 2001/2002.12.

Period Start Enter the Period Start date. The enhanced date feature may be used if required.

Note that the start date must be date immediately following the end date of the

prior period.

Period End Enter the Period end date. The enhanced date feature may be used if required.

An error will be given if the dates entered cross or if any date/s are excluded.

To assist with data entry, once the initial period and it's dates are established the remaining periods can be automatically calculated by pressing [NxtFld] through the fields.

When you are satisfied with the data, press [Commit] to save the accounting periods to the data base.

8.15.2 Changing/Viewing Accounting Periods

When entering this program from the G/L Manager's Menu, all accounting periods in the data base are displayed automatically.

To change a start or end date use the [NxtFld] key to position the cursor to the date field you wish to change. After making all the changes necessary, press [Commit] to save the changes to the data base.

8.15.3 Printing the Accounting Periods

To print the Accounting Periods Listing, select the "Maintain Accounting Periods" option and press [DupRec].

8.16 GL Control Maintenance

The ability to close off accounting periods once all required processing for that period has been completed is an essential part of any accounting system. The LETTUS system provides this feature through the Maintain G/L Control option. This option allows the user to close (and open) an accounting period thus controlling transactions in the General Ledger and assisting in producing timely and more accurate Accounting reports.

This control is achieved in two ways:

- allowing the transaction to continue with the date entered but updating the General Ledger with the current period start date.
- not allowing the transaction to continue with the date entered if prior to the current period start

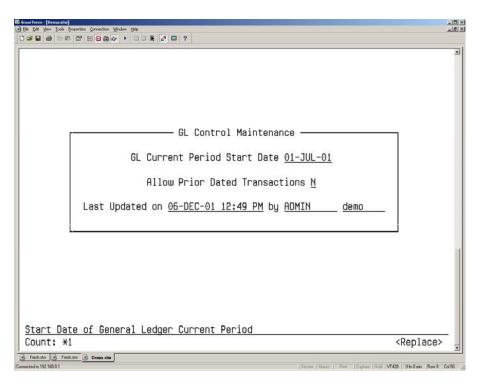
However, some transactions only provide a warning but still allow transactions to update the General Ledger prior to the current period start date. This is done for ease of use and at the request of many clients.

Note that where the transaction is allowed to continue with a prior date, this date is still used for the transaction (e.g. Customer Invoice, Payment Date), however, it is the General Ledger transaction date only that is affected.

Where the transaction is not continued with a prior date either the transaction date or the current period start date must be changed.

It is recommended that only authorised users have access to this option.

Select the Maintain GL Control option from the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



Enter the following fields:

Current Period Start Date

Enter the date which represents the starting date of the period which you still wish to allow transactions to be entered. The enhanced date feature may be used

if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default the date to the current (today's) date. This date should be the first date of a period as maintained in Accounting Periods Maintenance (refer p.8-3030).

Allow Prior Dated Transactions

Enter (N) in this field if you wish to close off accounting periods. Any transactions with a date prior to the date in the above field will be applied to the closing accounting period rule above.

Enter (Y) in this field if you DO NOT want prior periods closed. Setting this field to (Y) can be used to allow prior period adjustments without changing the date above. However, this must be used with extreme caution.

Note that this feature applies to all users and all modules (e.g. General Ledger, Debtors, Creditors). Where the period is "opened" it allows ALL users to update the General Ledger in prior periods.

An example of how this feature works is as follows:

The Current date is 05-JAN-98.

The Current Period Start Date is set to 01-JAN-98 with the "Allow Prior Dated Transactions" field set to (N).

When entering a Supplier Invoice today (05-JAN-98) that has a document date of 27-DEC-97 the document shows 27-DEC-97 in the Creditors System, however, the General Ledger is updated with a date of 01-JAN-98.

Due to this some reports that compare the General Ledger with another module, such as the End of Day Control report (General Ledger compared to Creditors and Debtors) may be affected.

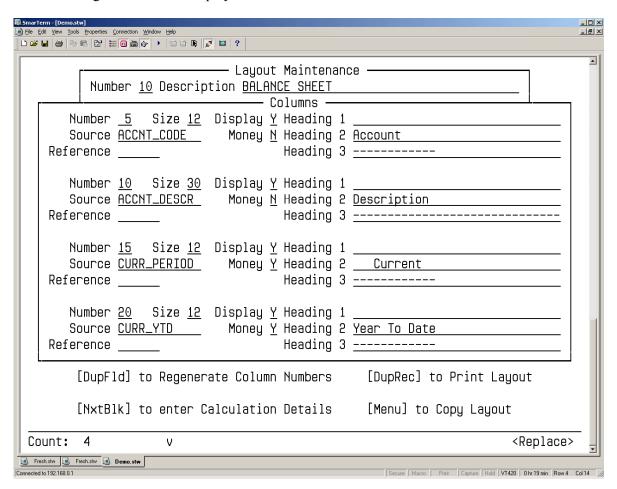
Also be aware of this feature when tracing transactions from one module to the General Ledger or vice versa.

8.17 Financial Statements Layout Maintenance

The Layout defines the columns across the page of the report. Up to 99 layouts can be defined and are independent of the format. The layout can be designed to suit the report.

For example, on a Profit & Loss report it may be important to see columns such as Account Description, Current Period Balance and Year to Date Balance. However, on a Balance Sheet only the Year to Date Balance and Year to Date Budget columns may be required. More than one layout for each report may be defined. These layouts may be modified at any time. A layout may be up to 132 characters.

To create a layout select the Report Formatter Layout Maintenance option from the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



The Layout Maintenance form consists of two blocks. Block One contains the layout number and description while the lower block contains the layout contents.

To create a layout, in Block One, enter the following fields:

Layout Num Enter a unique layout number. Up to 2 numeric characters may be used.

Description

Enter a description or name for this layout. Up to 30 alphanumeric characters may be used. For example, the description "Profit & Loss (PTD, YTD)" could be used to represent that the layout is designed for a Profit and Loss Statement with the columns of Current Period and Year to Date.

In Block Two create the layout contents by entering the following fields:

Number

Enter a unique number. Up to 2 numeric characters may be used. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field in ascending order in multiples of ten starting at 10. The column numbering is relative so that the column in the layout need not number consecutively. This column number represents the order the columns are printed across the page from left to right.

Size

The column size represents the maximum number of characters for this column. The maximum report size is 250 characters as the system automatically allocates a space between columns and applies margins.

Source

Enter the source of the information required in this column. [ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of the source.

ACCNT_CODE - General Ledger Account Code
ACCNT_DESCR - General Ledger Account Description
CURR_BUDGET - Current Period Budget
CURR_COMP - Current Period Comparative
CURR_PERIOD - Current Period Balance
CURR_YTD - Current Year To Date Balance
YTD_BUDGET - Year To Date Budget
YTD COMP - Year To Date Comparative

The following fields are currently available:

This field can be left blank if a calculation is required for this column e.g. variance between current period balance and current period budget is a calculated column (i.e. not sourced from the database).

Reference

Should this column be used in any calculation, e.g. actual vs budget variance, a reference will need to be entered in this field. This reference or label is then used in the calculation equation. If no calculation is required this field can be left blank.

Display

Enter (Y) to display this field on the report. Sometimes a column is only required to do a calculation, and not needed for printing, in which case enter (N).

Money

If this field is to be a money column enter (Y) here, otherwise enter (N). Errors may occur on the report if this is incorrectly set.

Heading 1 Heading 2

Heading 3

If column headings are required on the report enter the details here. The size of the column heading cannot exceed the value specified in Column Size. The report will print the column heading exactly as entered here.

For Example, the heading "Current Period" requires that the word "Current" be entered in the Column Heading 1 field and the word "Period" in Column Heading 2.

When the layout is complete press [Commit].

To **print** a copy of the layout press [DupRec].

To **copy** the layout press the [Menu] key.

To regenerate the Column Numbers press the [DupFld] key.

8.17.1 To create a Calculation Equation

A calculated field is a value that is required on a Financial Statement but cannot be obtained from the database.

Ensure that all columns required in the equation have a Column Reference entered against them. Position the cursor on the column requiring the equation and press [NxtBlk] to go to the calculation screen.

Each calculation requires the following:

Number Any number of calculations can be performed. Each calculation is performed in

sequence of the Calculation Number. As with the column numbers the calculation numbers need not number consecutively. A calculation number is

required even where there is only one calculation line.

Column Reference 1 Enter the first column reference required for the calculation. The first Column

Reference is similar to the first value of a maths equation. For example, in the following equation, 10 + 15 = 25, 10 would be entered in Column Reference 1.

Operator Enter a valid operator or maths sign. Valid operators are:

+ - * / %

Column Reference 2 Enter the second column reference required for the calculation. The second

Column Reference is similar to that last value of a maths equation. For example, in the following equation, 10 + 15 = 25, 15 would be the Column Reference 2.

Press [Commit].

The following examples show how the calculations work:

Example 1

The layout has four columns:

- 1st Column is Account Description
- 2nd Column is YEAR TO DATE BALANCE, the column ref is A.
- 3rd Column is YEAR TO DATE BUDGET, the column ref is B.
- 4th column is the VARIANCE column, it has a column ref C, (this is a computed column, it is the difference between the value in column 2 and column 3).

The required values in the Calculation screen are:

Calculation Number 10
Column Reference 1 A
Operator Column Reference 2 B

The example can also be read as: COLUMN C = COLUMN A - COLUMN B

or: VARIANCE = YEAR TO DATE BALANCE - YEAR TO DATE BUDGET

Example 2

This layout/calculation can be used to help plan next year's budget. It shows the impact of what would happened if the current years results were subject to a 5% increase.

The layout has four columns:

- 1st Column is Account Description
- 2nd Column is YEAR TO DATE BALANCE, the column ref is A.
- 3rd Column is NEXT YEARS BUDGET at 5%, the column ref is B. (this is a computed column, it is the value in column 2 * 5%).

The required values in the Calculation screen of Column 3 are:

Calculation Number 10
Column Reference 1 A
Operator *
Column Reference 2 1.05

The example can also be read as: COLUMN B = COLUMN A * 1.05

or: Next Years Budget = this Years Actual + 5% of this years actual.

Notes regarding the Special Operator %:

The operator % has special significance, and is useful in Income & Expenditure reports. In those reports it is often desirable to report the results as a percentage of an account or total.

For instance, gross profit is often expressed as a percentage of Turnover, (total sales). The report can appear as:

ACTUAL
YEAR TO
DATE PERCENT

Sales			1000000
Less Cost Of Good Opening Stock Purchases	s Sold:		20000 470000
Closing Sto		490000 23000	
Cost Of Sales	467000	46.7	
Gross Profit	533000	53.3	

The report has 3 columns:

- 1st Column is Account Description
- 2nd Column is ACTUAL YEAR TO DATE, the column ref is A.
- 3rd Column is PERCENT, the column ref is B. this is a computed column,

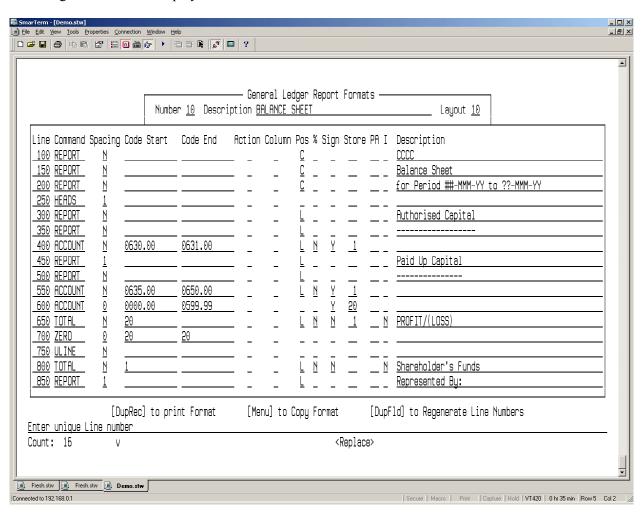
The calculation should be set up as follows:

Calculation Number
Column Reference 1
Operator
Column Reference 2
?

8.18 Financial Statements Maintenance

An appropriate layout must be established before defining the report format. The report defines the lines down the page of the report. Up to 99 reports can be defined and are dependant on the layout. The headings, grouping, subtotals and totals are all defined in the format. These formats may be modified at any time.

To create a format, select the Design Financial Statements option from the General Ledger menu and the following screen will be displayed:



The Format Maintenance form consists of two blocks. Block One contains the report number, description and the layout to be used, while the bottom block contains the format/report contents.

To create a format enter the following fields:

In Block One - Format Header

Format Number Enter a unique format number. Up to 2 numeric characters may be used.

Format Description Enter a description for the format using up to 40 characters.

Layout Number Enter the layout number to be used for this format in this field. [ListVal] may be

used to assist in the selection of a layout number. As noted above, the layout

must be established before creating the format.

In Block Two - Format Contents

Each General Ledger format consists of a series of "instruction" lines. When the report is printed, each line is read and executed. For example: One format may be defined to print a range of accounts, add each account balance to a storage field, and print the total of the addition at the bottom.

Line Number

Enter a unique line number. This line number represents the processing order. The lines are executed in ascending order (i.e. from 1 up to 9999). The line number must be between 1 and 9999. The line number interval may be user defined, alternatively the system will automatically increment the next number to be used by 100 from the last entered number.

Command

Enter the command in this field. This field is mandatory. Valid commands are:

A – Account	(to print a range of accounts)
R – Report	(to print user defined details
	e.g. report headings)
H – Heads	(to print the column headings)

C – Calc (to perform a calculation)
T – Total (to print a total or subtotal)
Z – Zero (to clear an nominated

accumulator)

S – Set (to set an accumulator to a

specified value)

U – Underline (to print underline characters

in the money columns)

D - Double Underline

(to print double underline characters).

Spacing

Enter the line spacing to be executed **BEFORE** this command is executed. Valid Print Spacing commands are:

P - begin on a new page

1 - skip one line (leave one blank line)
2 - skip two lines (leave 2 blank lines)
3 - skip three lines (leave 3 blank lines)

0 - do not print

N - print on the next line.

Code Start

Enter the code to commence from. Where the Command is 'Account', the code start will be the beginning code of the General Ledger Account code range. Where the Command is 'Total' or 'Zero' the code start will be an accumulator (i.e. stored value). Where the command is 'Calc' the code start will be the first value or accumulator in the equation. Where the Command is 'Set' the Code start will be a constant value.

[ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of a General Ledger Account code

Code End

Enter the ending code. Where the Command is 'Account', the code end will be the ending code of the Account code range. Where the code is 'Calc' the code start will be the last value or accumulator in the equation.

[ListVal] may be used to assist in the selection of a General Ledger Account code.

^	ction
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Enter the action you wish to carry out. This field is only used for 'Cale' commands lines. Valid actions are:

- + Add
- Subtract
- / Divide
- * Multiply
- % Percent.

Column

Enter the column number to print these values in. Press [NxtFld] to leave this field blank to print in all columns (if applicable).

Position

Enter the print position to be used. Valid options are:

L - Left Justified R - Right Justified C - Centred

I - Indent 5 spaces from left margin.

Note that money field's default to print left justified.

% Enter (Y) to print the value of this line as a percentage of an accumulator.

Sign Allows you to change the sign of values at the time the value is printed. This is

useful on Income and Liability accounts which are normally Negative. Entering

(Y) in this field will print these values as positive (or vice versa).

Store Values can be stored into what is called an accumulator. Values can be stored

into these by accumulating values (say from a range of accounts) or by

calculations (e.g. totals and subtotals).

PA If (Y) was entered in %, enter the accumulator number which is to be used to

calculate the percentage.

Description Enter a description or narration. Up to 80 characters may be used for 'Report'

Commands or 40 characters for 'Total' or 'Calc' Commands.

Refer to the following example for more information:

TRADING, PROFIT & LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD 01-JUL-97 TO 30-JUN-98

	CURRENT PERIOD	CURRENT YEAR TO DATE	COMPARATIVE
SALES	138675.13	138675.13	.00
LESS COST OF SALES:			
OPENING STOCK	.00	.00	.00
PURCHASES	30704.50	30704.50	.00
UNLOADING FEE	.00	.00	.00
SHED / COOLING STORE FEES	.00	.00	.00
FREIGHT FEES LEVIES NOT RECOVERED	< 2.50> 67.30	< 2.50> 67.30	.00 .00
MARKET WATCH FEE	< 16.80>	< 16.80>	.00
	20752.50	20752.50	
LESS CLOSING STOCK	30752.50	30752.50	.00
COST OF SALES	30752.50	30752.50	.00
GROSS PROFIT	107922.63	107922.63	.00
OTHER INCOME:			
SUNDRY INCOME	5557094.20	5557094.20	.00
RECOVERIES	< 214.67>	< 214.67>	.00
TEST ACCOUNT	30976.22	30976.22	.00
PROFIT (LOSS) DISPOSAL INVEST.	< 122.00>	< 122.00>	.00
CAPITAL GAIN-SALE N/CUR ASSETS	< 450.00>	< 450.00>	.00
PROFIT ON SALE NON CURRENT ASS LOSS SALE OF NON CURRENT ASSET	< 17141.77> < 125.01>	< 17141.77> < 125.01>	.00 .00
PROCEEDS SALE NON CURRENT ASST	13574.00	13574.00	.00
CAPITAL GAIN (NON TAXABLE)	150.00	150.00	.00
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	5583740.97	5583740.97	.00
LESS EXPENSES:			
ACCOUNTANCY FEES	250.00	250.00	.00
ADVERTISING	31920.00	31920.00	.00
AMORTISATION PORPOWING COSTS	.00	.00	.00
BORROWING COSTS LEASED ASSETS	.00 .00	.00 .00	.00 .00
BMCA CHARGES	< 7.00>	< 7.00>	.00
BAD DEBTS WRITTEN OFF	19250.00	19250.00	.00
BANK CHARGES	.00	.00	.00
BORROWING COSTS	.00	.00	.00
CLEANING COMPUTER SOFTWARE MAINTENANCE	.00 .00	.00 .00	.00 .00
COMPUTER HARDWARE MAINTENANCE	.00	.00	.00
COMPUTER CONSUMABLES	.00	.00	.00
COMPUTER REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE	.00	.00	.00
COMPUTER HARDWARE	100.00	100.00	.00
COMPUTER SOFTWARE COMPUTER TRAINING	.00 .00	.00 .00	.00 .00
COMMISSION PAID	.00	.00	.00
CONSULTANCY FEES	.00	.00	.00
DEPRECIATION	.00	.00	.00
DEPRECIATION-PLANT & EQUIP	.00	.00	.00
DEPRECIATION-MOTOR VEHICLES DEPRECIATION-FITTINGS	.00 .00	.00 .00	.00 .00
DONATIONS	.00	.00	.00
ELECTRICITY	.00	.00	.00
ENTERTAINMENT EXPENSES	.00	.00	.00
FEES & CHARGES	.00	.00	.00
FINANCE CHARGES FREIGHT & CARTAGE	.00 .00	.00 .00	.00 .00
FRINGE BENEFITS TAX	.00	.00	.00
FUEL & OIL	36169.70	36169.70	.00
GAS	.00	.00	.00
GENERAL EXPENSES	.00	.00	.00
HIRE PLANT & EQUIPMENT INSURANCE	.00 .00	.00 .00	.00 .00
INDURANCE	.00	.00	.00

INTEREST PAID	.00	.00	.00
LEASING CHARGES	.00	.00	.00
LEGAL COSTS	.00	.00	.00
LIGHT & POWER	.00	.00	.00
EFTPOS SALES	200.00	200.00	.00
PACKING MATERIALS	.00	.00	.00
PERMITS LICENCES & FEES	.00	.00	.00
PETTY CASH EXPENSES	.00	.00	.00
EFTPOS CASH ADVANCE	100.00	100.00	.00
POSTAGE	.00	.00	.00
PRINTING & STATIONARY	.00	.00	.00
RATES & TAXES	.00	.00	.00
RENT	.00	.00	.00
REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE	.00	.00	.00
SALARIES	.00	.00	.00
SECURITY COSTS	.00	.00	.00
SERVICE CHARGES	.00	.00	.00
STAFF TRAINING & WELFARE	.00	.00	.00
SUBSCRIPTIONS	.00	.00	.00
SUPERANNUATION CONTRIBUTIONS	.00	.00	.00
TELEPHONE	123123.00	123123.00	.00
TRAVELLING EXPENSES	.00	.00	.00
WAGES	< 100.00>	< 100.00>	.00
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	.00	.00	.00
TOTAL EXPENSES	211005.70	211005.70	.00
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	107922.63	107922.63	.00
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	.00	.00	.00
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX	107922.63	107922.63	.00

PROFIT & LOSS APPROPRIATION FOR THE PERIOD 01-JUL-97 TO 30-JUN-98

	CURRENT PERIOD	CURRENT YEAR TO DATE	COMPARATIVE
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX	107922.63	107922.63	.00
RETAINED EARNINGS	.00	.00	.00
DIVIDENDS PAID	.00	.00	.00
DIVIDENDS PROPOSED	.00	.00	.00
TRANSFERS TO GENERAL RESERVES	.00	.00	.00
	107922.63	107922.63	.00

The above report is created using the following layout and format:

```
| Number 3 Description TRAD PL CUR PER, YTD, & COMPARATIVE
                          ---- Columns ---
     Number 5 Size 30 Display Y Heading 1
Source ACCNT DESCR Money N Heading 2
  Reference
                                      Heading 3
     Number 10 Size 12 Display Y Heading 1 CURRENT Source CURR PERIOD Money Y Heading 2 PERIOD
                                      Heading 3
  Reference A
     Number 20 Size 12 Display Y Heading 1
Source CURR_YTD____ Money Y Heading 2
ference B Heading 3
                                                CURRENT
                                                     _YEAR TO
  Reference B
                                                     DATE
     Number 25 Size 12 Display Y Heading 1 COMPARATIVE
                            Money Y Heading 2
     Source
  Reference C
                                     Heading 3
       [DupFld] to Regenerate Column Numbers [DupRec] to Print Layout
       [NxtBlk] to enter Calculation Details
                                                 [Menu] to Copy Layout
Count: *4
                                                                         <Replace>
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I						Operator	Reference 2	T
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Format:

Format: 3 - TRAD PL CUR PER YTD COMPARATIVE Layout: 3

PRINT						, 12 001 121	 		-		
CCCC	LINE	COMMAND		CODE_START	CODE_END	ACTION					
REPORT N	100		N				С				
SEPORT N	200	REPORT		IOSS STATEMENT			С				
## ACCOUNT 0 231 232	300	REPORT	N				С				
TOTAL	400			MMM-II IO ::-M	MM-II						
SALES				231	232				Y	1	
POOL REPORT 1		TOTAL			202		L	N		-	
100	900	REPORT		_			L				
COUNT 0 251 252 252	1000			:			T				
1100	1000			_			ь				
1200	1100				252				N	2	
OPENING STOCK					232		т	N			
1300	1200			2			П	IN	IN	4	
1400	1200			271	272				NT.	2	
PURCHASES					212		т	NT			
1500	1400			3			П	IN	IN	4	
1600	1500			270	200		т.	NT	NT.	1	
TOTAL				219	233		П	IN	IN	4	
1800				1			т.	NT	NT.		
TOTAL					262		ь	IN		E	
LESS CLOSING STOCK 2000 ULINE N 2100 CALC					202		т.	NT		J	
2000	1900			5			ь	IN	IN		
CALC	0000										
TOTAL				4	_				27	_	
COST OF SALES 2300 ULINE					5	_	-	17		6	1
2300	2200			6			ь	Y	N		1
2400	2200										
Total				1	C				27	7	
GROSS PROFIT REPORT 2 OTHER INCOME: 2700 REPORT N ===================================					б	_	T	37		/	1
2600 REPORT 2	2500			/			ь	1	IN		1
OTHER INCOME: 2700 REPORT N	2600						T				
ACCOUNT N 190 229	2600						ь				
2800 ACCOUNT N 190 229 L N N 8 2900 ULINE N 3000 TOTAL N 8 TOTAL OTHER INCOME 3100 REPORT 2 LESS EXPENSES: 3200 ACCOUNT N 300 479 L N N 9 3300 ULINE N 3400 TOTAL N 9 TOTAL N 9 TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 8 - N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	2700						T				
2800 ACCOUNT N 190 229 L N N N 8 2900 ULINE N 3000 TOTAL N 8 TOTAL OTHER INCOME 3100 REPORT 2 LESS EXPENSES: 3200 ACCOUNT N 300 479 3300 ULINE N TOTAL N 9 TOTAL N 9 TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 8 - N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	2700						ь				
2900 ULINE N 3000 TOTAL N 8	2800			190	229		т.	N	N	8	
3000 TOTAL N 8				130	223		-	11	14	Ü	
TOTAL OTHER INCOME 3100 REPORT 2 L LESS EXPENSES: 3200 ACCOUNT N 300 479 L N N 9 3300 ULINE N TOTAL N 9 L N N N TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)				8			T.	N	N	7	
3100 REPORT 2 LESS EXPENSES: 3200 ACCOUNT N 300 479 3400 ULINE N TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	0000			· ·			_				
LESS EXPENSES: 3200 ACCOUNT N 300 479 L N N 9 3300 ULINE N TOTAL N 9 L N N TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	3100						T,				
3200 ACCOUNT N 300 479 L N N 9 3300 ULINE N	0100						_				
3300 ULINE N 3400 TOTAL N 9 TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 3700 TOTAL N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	3200			300	479		T.	N	N	9	
3400 TOTAL N 9 L N N TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 3700 TOTAL N 9 L N N NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)				000			_			,	
TOTAL EXPENSES 3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 3700 TOTAL N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)				9			T.	N	N		
3500 ULINE N 3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 3700 TOTAL N 9 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	0.00			-			-				
3600 CALC 0 7 8 - N 9 3700 TOTAL N 9 L N N NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	3500										
3700 TOTAL N 9 L N N N NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)				7	8	_			N	9	
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)					•		L	N		-	
	3800			,/							

3900	ACCOUNT	N	479	479		L	N	N	10
3950	ULINE	N							
4000	CALC	0	9	10	-			N	11
4050	TOTAL	N	11			L	N	N	
	NET PROFIT	(LOSS)	AFTER TAX						
4070	DULINE	N							
4100	REPORT	P				C			
	CCCC								
4200	REPORT	N				C			
	PROFIT & L	OSS APPI	ROPRIATION						

Format: 3 - TRAD PL CUR PER YTD COMPARATIVE Layout: 3

								2			
LINE	COMMAND	PRINT SPACING	CODE_START	CODE_END	ACTION	PRINT COL	PRINT POSITION	PRINT PERCENT	CHANGE SIGN	STORE ACCUM	PERCENT ACCUM
4300	REPORT FOR THE P	N ERIOD ##-	MMM-YY TO ??-M	MM-YY			С				
4400	HEADS	N									
4550	TOTAL	N	11				L	N	N		
	NET PROFI	T (LOSS)	AFTER TAX								
4600	ACCOUNT	N	638	638			L	N	N	12	
4800	ACCOUNT	N	482	484			L	N	N	12	
4900	CALC	0	11	12	_				N	13	
5000	ULINE	N									
5100	TOTAL	N	13				L	N	N		
5200	DULINE	N									

***** END OF REPORT *****

Using the Following Chart of Accounts:

****** DEVEL *****	GL Account List	15-JUL-98 05:07	PM
REPORT ID: glchart		PAGE	1
	GL Accounts 000001 to ZZZZ		

	GE ACCOUNTS 000001 CO ZZZZ		
Account	Description	Туре	Balance
099	HANDLING CHARGES	С	D
100	FREIGHT CLEARING PARKING EXPENSES	I E	C
100-0	PARKING EXPENSES		D
160	RPS TAX CLEARING	I	C
180	COMMISSIONS RECEIVED	I	C
200	SUNDRY INCOME	I	C
202	RECOVERIES TEST ACCOUNT PROFIT (LOSS) DISPOSAL INVEST. CAPITAL GAIN-SALE N/CUR ASSETS PROFIT ON SALE NON CURRENT ASS LOSS SALE OF NON CURRENT ASSET	I	C
207	TEST ACCOUNT	I	C
208	PROFIT (LOSS) DISPOSAL INVEST.	I	C
210	CAPITAL GAIN-SALE N/CUR ASSETS	I	C
211	PROFIT ON SALE NON CURRENT ASS	I	C
212	LOSS SALE OF NON CURRENT ASSET	I I I	C
214	PROCEEDS SALE NON CURRENT ASST	I	C
215	CAPITAL GAIN (NON TAXABLE)	I	C
230	SALES - FRUIT	I	C
231	SALES - VEGETABLES	I	С
232	SALES - CITRUS	I	С
250	OPENING STOCK FRUIT	E	D
251	OPENING STOCK VEGETABLES	E	D
252	OPENING STOCK CITRUS	E	D
260	OPENING STOCK CITRUS CLOSING STOCK FRUIT	E	D
261	CLOSING STOCK VEGETABLES	E	D
262	CLOSING STOCK CITRUS	E	D
270	PURCHASE FRUIT	E	D
271	PURCHASE VEGETABLES	E	D
272	PURCHASE CITRUS	E	D
279	UNLOADING FEE	E	D
280	SHED / COOLING STORE FEES	E	D
281	FREIGHT FEES	E	D
282	LEVIES NOT RECOVERED	E	D
283	MARKET WATCH FEE	E	D
300	ACCOUNTANCY FEES	E	D
302	ACCOUNTANCY FEES ADVERTISING	E	D
304	AMORTISATION	E	D
304-01	BORROWING COSTS	E	D
304-02	LEASED ASSETS	E	D
307	BMCA CHARGES	E	D
		_	_

Account	Description		Balance
308	BAD DEBTS WRITTEN OFF	E D	
309	BANK CHARGES	E	D
310	BORROWING COSTS	E	D
314	CLEANING	E	D
315-01	COMPUTER SOFTWARE MAINTENANCE COMPUTER HARDWARE MAINTENANCE	E	D
315-02 315-03	COMPUTER HARDWARE MAINTENANCE COMPUTER CONSUMABLES	E E	D D
315-03	COMPUTER CONSUMABLES COMPUTER REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE	E	D
315-05	COMPUTER HARDWARE	E	D
315-06	COMPUTER SOFTWARE	E	D
315-07	COMPUTER TRAINING	E	D
316	COMMISSION PAID	E	D
317	CONSULTANCY FEES	E	D
330	DEPRECIATION	E	D
333	DEPRECIATION-PLANT & EQUIP	E	D D
334 335	DEPRECIATION-MOTOR VEHICLES DEPRECIATION-FITTINGS	E E	D D
346	DONATIONS	E	D
352	ELECTRICITY	E	D
358	ENTERTAINMENT EXPENSES	E	D
362	FEES & CHARGES	E	D
365	FINANCE CHARGES	E	D
368	FREIGHT & CARTAGE	E	D
369	FRINGE BENEFITS TAX	E	D
370	FUEL & OIL	E	D
371 372	GAS	E E	D D
377	GENERAL EXPENSES HIRE PLANT & EQUIPMENT	E E	D D
381	INSURANCE	E	D
383	INTEREST PAID	E	D
388	LEASING CHARGES	E	D
389	LEGAL COSTS	E	D
393	LIGHT & POWER	E	D
400	EFTPOS SALES	I	C
404	PACKING MATERIALS	E	D
407 409	PERMITS LICENCES & FEES PETTY CASH EXPENSES	E E	D D
410	EFTPOS CASH ADVANCE	Ī	C
411	POSTAGE	E	D
414	PRINTING & STATIONARY	E	D
422	RATES & TAXES	E	D
427	RENT	E	D
428	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE	E	D
432	SALARIES	E	D
435 439	SECURITY COSTS SERVICE CHARGES	E E	D D
448	STAFF TRAINING & WELFARE	E	D
454	SUBSCRIPTIONS	E	D
458	SUPERANNUATION CONTRIBUTIONS	E	D
460	TELEPHONE	E	D
464	TRAVELLING EXPENSES	E	D
470	WAGES	E	D
479 480	INCOME TAX EXPENSE UNDER/OVER INCOME TAX PROVN.	E E	D D
482	DIVIDENDS PAID	E	D
483	DIVIDENDS PROPOSED	E	D
484	TRANSFERS TO GENERAL RESERVES	E	D
499	PROFIT CLEARING ACCOUNT	E	D
501-03	DRAWINGS	E	D
600	AUTHORISED CAPITAL	C	D
601	UNISSUED CAPITAL	C	C
631 631-00	CAPITAL PROFITS RESERVE OPENING BALANCE FOR YEAR	C C	D D
631-00	MOVEMENT 1	C	D D
631-02	MOVEMENT 2	C	D
631-03	MOVEMENT 3	Ċ	D
638	RETAINED EARNINGS	C	D
640	CASH ON HAND	A	D
642	SECURITY DEPOSIT	A	D
643-01	CALL	A	D
648 654	PETTY CASH IMPREST ADVANCES	A A	D D
001	115 41140E0	A	D

Account	Description	Type	Balance	
658	SHORT TERM DEPOSITS	A	D	
662	TRADE DEBTORS	A	D	
662-02	TRADE DEBTORS BCMA	A	D	
663	LESS PROVISION DOUBT DEBTS	A	D	
680	CASH AT BANK BANK OVERDRAFT	A	D	
682	FARM PRODUCE ACCOUNT	A	D	
684	CASH MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT	A	D	
690 692	ADVANCES LOANS AT CALL	A A	D D	
701	ACCRUED INCOME	A	D	
706	GROWER RECOVERABLE FREIGHT	A	D	
708	PREPAID BORROWING EXPENSES	A	D	
709	LESS AMORTISATION	A	D	
720	STOCK ON HAND FRUIT	A	D	
721	STOCK ON HAND VEGETABLES	A	D	
722	STOCK ON HAND CITRUS	A	D	
730	FREEHOLD LAND AT COST	A	D	
740	BUILDING AT COST	A	D	
741	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	A	D	
742	PLANT & EQUIPMENT	A	D	
743 744	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION MOTOR VEHICLES AT COSTS	A A	D D	
745	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	A	D	
746	OFFICE FURNITURE & EQUIPMENT	A	D	
747	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	A	D	
760	PLANT & EQUIPMENT UNDER LEASE	A	D	
761	LESS ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	A	D	
762	OTHER ASSETS UNDER LEASE	A	D	
763	LESS ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	A	D	
782	DEBENTURES IN LISTED COMPANIES	A	D	
821	ADVANCE	A	D	
825	LOANS TO ASSOCIATES	A	D	
825-01	LOAN NO. 1	A	D	
851 853	FORMATION EXPENSES	A	D	
872	GOODWILL BILLS PAYABLE	A L	D C	
874	HIRE PURCHASE LIABILITY	L	C	
875	LESS UNEXPECTED HIRE LIABILITY	L	D	
879	LEASE LIABILITY	L	C	
882	SUNDRY CREDITORS	L	Č	
883	TRADE CREDITORS	L	C	
883-2	TRADE-2 CREDITORS	L	C	
884	GROUP TAX	L	C	
886	LOANS - BANK	L	C	
887	LOANS - SECURED	L	С	
890	LOANS - ASSOCIATES	L	C	
891 903	LOAN DIRECTOR	L	С	
905	PROVISION FOR HOLIDAY PAY PROVISION FOR LONG SERVICE LEA	L L	D D	
906	PROVISION FOR SICK LEAVE	L	D	
911	ACCRUED EXPENSES	L	D	
913	INCOME IN ADVANCE	L	D	
924	HIRE PURCHASE LIABILITY	L	C	
925	LESS UNEXPIRED HIRE LIABILITY	L	D	
929	LEASE LIABILITY	L	C	
932	LOANS - BANK	L	С	
933	LOANS - SECURED	L	C	
934 945	LOANS - UNSECURED PROVISION FOR LONG SERV LEAVE	L	C	
946	CONTRAS	L I	C C	
CHRG1	CHARGE DEPARTMENT 1	E	D	
CHRG2	CHARGE DEPARTMENT 2	E	D	
CHRG3	CHARGE DEPARTMENT 3	E	D	
CHRG9	CHARGE DEPARTMENT 9	E	D	
COS1	DEPARTMENT 1 COS	E	D	
COS2	DEPARTMENT 2 COS	E	D	
COS3	DEPARTMENT 3 COS	E	D	
COS9	DEPARTMENT 9 COS	E	D	
FREIGHT1	FREIGHT DEPARTMENT 1	E	D	
FREIGHT9	FREIGHT DEPARTMENT 9	E	D	
Total Accounts Printed: 196				

***** END OF REPORT *****

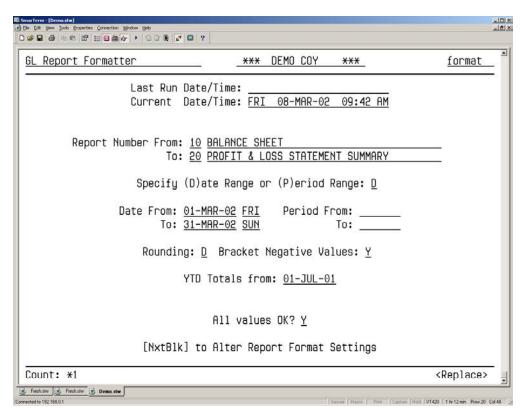
8.19 **Financial Statements List**

General Ledger Report Formatter can be printed using the Financial Statements List option. The user nominates the reports to print, any number of reports can be nominated to be printed at one time.

These reports are defined in "Report Formatter Layout Maintenance" and "Design Financial Statements".

Note that the current period start date may have an effect of the information provided in this report (see "Maintain G/L Control" - for more information).

To produce a Financial Statement or Report, select the Financial Statements List option from the General Ledger menu. After selecting the print/display option the following screen will be displayed:



Make your report selection by completing the following fields:

Report Number from Enter the beginning report number of the range to print. [ListVal] may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first report number established on the system. Upon entry of a valid report number the report description will be displayed.

to

Enter the ending report number of the range to print. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the last report number established on the system. If only one report is required this field should contain the same number as the field above.

Specify (D)ate Range or (P)eriod Range

Enter (D) to print the reports within a specified date range or enter (P) to select by period range.

DATE From

If Date range was chosen in the above field enter the beginning date of the range to report on. The enhanced date feature may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the first date of the current period. The cursor will not enter this field where a Period range is selected above.

to Enter the ending date of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default

this field to the last date of the current period. The cursor will not enter this field

where a Period range is selected above.

Period From If Period range was chosen above enter the beginning period of the range to

report on. [ListVal] may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this

field to the current period.

to Enter the ending period of the range to report on. Pressing [NxtFld] will default

this field to the current period.

Rounding The money fields can be rounded to the following precision:

C - nearest cent

D - nearest dollar

H - nearest hundred dollars

T - nearest thousand dollars

Note that where rounding other than cents is chosen a apparent slight misbalance may be shown. In this instance an account (of your choice) may be optionally adjusted by General Ledger Journal to show a balanced report.

Bracket Negative Values

Enter (Y) in this field to place brackets around negative values. If (N) is entered in this field a negative sign will be printed in front of any negative values.

YTD Totals From Enter the date from which to base YTD Totals displayed on the report (if

appropriate). The enhanced date feature may be used if required. Pressing [NxtFld] will default this field to the year begin date as maintained in the system

control file.

All Values OK? If you need to change any report selection values enter (N) and press [NxtFld]. If

all of the values entered are acceptable then you may accept the default value here by pressing [NxtFld]. The report will now be printed to the device specified

in the printer selection form.

Press [NxtFld] to Alter Report Format Settings:

Display Zero Values Enter (Y) in this field to display accounts or calculations with a zero value on the

report. If these are not required enter (N) in this field.

Display Zero Value Lines

Enter (Y) in this field to display lines with zero values. Enter (N) in this field if

they are not required.

8.20 Process End of Year Update

This program is run at the end of your accounting year as part of the closing procedure, once all transactions have been processed. As these closing transactions are not available directly at the end of the financial year it is recommended that the year be closed off using the Maintain GL Control option (refer p.8-32). Seek the advice of your Accountant for more information on when to close a period and perform this routine.

Following is a detailed list of the actions performed by this routine:

- One year is added to each accounting period start and end date.
- Creates Balance Brought Forward (BBF type) transactions for all Asset, Liability, and Capital G/L accounts for the consolidated year-end balance.
- Moves the amounts for each period of the year being closed to the prior-year comparative field in the Chart of Accounts table. Moves the BBF balance for each Balance Sheet Account into the prior-year beginning balance field in the Chart of Accounts.

8.20.1 Action To Take Prior to Running This Routine

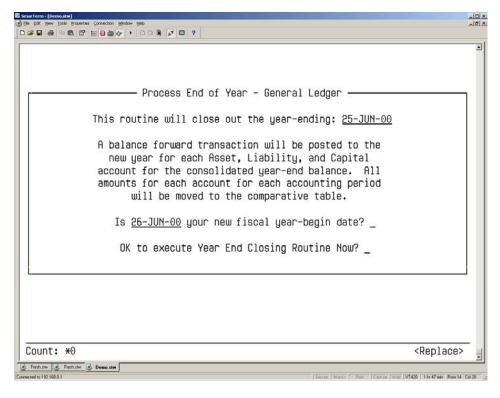
Because this routine makes so many changes to the G/L system, you will be well advised to do at least part of the following before actually running this routine.

- Step 1 Run a Profit and Loss Statement for the entire year to obtain a final net income amount.
- Step 2 Make any closing adjustments to the General Ledger as aided by printing the General Ledger Worksheet. Seek the advice of your Accountant for these adjustments.
- Step 3 Post the net income figure to the General Ledger through "Process General Journal Transactions". Since there are different methods in accomplishing this task, ask the advice of your accountant if you are not sure. One method commonly used is outlined below.
- Step 4 Make a back-up copy of the entire data base. This is only a temporary backup to be used if any problems occur. It can be optional kept for auditing purposes.
- Step 5 Ensure that the Calendar for the General Ledger is set up for the next year. This is done through the "Accounts Periods Maintenance" option in this menu.
- Step 6 Update Menu 0 'System Configuration with the GL Account for Year End Profit.

GL transactions are maintained within the system for future reference. GL reports for prior financial years are available but the system will not allow reports to run over two financial years due to BBF (Balance Brought Forward) figures.

8.20.2 How to Run the GL Year End Routine

From the General Ledger Manager's Menu, select the "Process End of Year" option. It is strongly advised that this report be printed. The following screen will be displayed:



If the date displayed is the correct date for the new fiscal year-begin date, press [NxtFld] in the date field. Otherwise, update Menu 8 'GL Period Maintenance' to display the correct end of year date and periods.

If you answer (Y) to confirm the date above, the routine will accept the new date and move to the bottom field. If you answer (N), the cursor will position itself on the date field again so that you may enter a new date in the format DD-MMM-YY. Enter the new date and press [NxtFld]. The cursor will move to the confirm date prompt again. If you wish you can always exit this screen by pressing [Exit/Cancel] as indicated on the screen.

When you are satisfied with all data on the screen and you are ready to begin the routine, type (Y) and press [Return] to the "OK to execute Year End Routine Now?" field. Otherwise type (N) to exit this routine.

After posting of the new year's BBF transactions has occurred, the system will print the General Journal for the transactions just posted and you will be returned to the General Ledger Manager's Menu. If you discover any errors in these posted transactions, you must make manual adjusting transactions through the "Process General Journal Transactions" function.

It is recommended that a Trial Balance List be run as at the first day of the current year to check for any possible errors. If a misbalance occurs contact either your Accountant or the Support Office.